

Resolutions of the 14th National Umushyikirano Council (NUC)

1. To set a deadline for Rwanda to become financially self-reliant. In view of Vision 2050, focus needs to be on continuing to (i) work hard for our own development, (ii) remain accountable and (iii) ensure efficient sectoral coordination.
2. To continue to strengthen Rwanda's uniqueness based on (i) principles of good governance, (ii) choosing and supporting a visionary leadership, (iii) embracing and branding our home-grown solutions, while ensuring they are transferred from one generation to the next.
3. To build closer partnerships between the Public Sector, Parents, Teachers, Private Sector, NGOs, Civil Society and Faith-Based Organisations in order to strengthen Rwandan families.
4. To put in place strategies to add value to "*Made in Rwanda*" products and facilitate their penetration into domestic and foreign markets.
5. To improve customer service in Public and Private Sector entities and encourage clients/beneficiaries to refuse and/or report on poor service to ensure that corrective measures are taken.
6. To establish and support Youth Connect Initiative in all the Districts across the country and extend *National Itorero Program* to all categories of Rwandans including the elderly living abroad and People Living with Disabilities.
7. To develop well designed large irrigation projects, especially in the districts of Nyagatare, Gatsibo, Kayonza and Kirehe.
8. To devise mechanism to ensure that polling stations are easily accessible to Rwandans living abroad.
9. To preserve and protect unity of Rwandans fighting against genocide ideology, especially among youth.
10. To step up efforts to fight activities taking place in foreign countries aimed at negationism and other forms of denial of the 1994 Genocide against Tutsi.

11. To conduct research with the aim to deeply understand all issues and consequences pertaining to trauma among Genocide survivors in order to address them.
 12. To find out appropriate measures to address hindrances interfering with the final execution of remaining Gacaca Court judgments on properties damaged during the 1994 Genocide against Tutsi.
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